

HUSTLING,
GUESSING.

and Congressional nominations, and the Democrats are claiming they will elect in the Sixth, Eighth, Fourth and Ninth districts. This would give the Republicans seven certain districts and chances favoring them in the other four.

The State Republican ticket, headed by the Secretary of State, will be elected.

KANSAS.

Kansas contains seven districts and one at large. Complete fusion prevails between Populists and Democrats, and Bodkin candidates for Congress at large will be elected. Fusionists will also elect in the Second, Third, Fifth and Sixth, and the Republicans will elect in the First District. Chances favor the fusionists in other districts. The fusion State ticket, headed by Leedy, Populist, will be elected.

KENTUCKY.

Kentucky contains eleven districts. The Democrats now control the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Sixth, Seventh and Tenth. The Eighth and Ninth look very favorable for the Democrats, and they will probably be elected. This would leave the Fifth and Eleventh as the only districts in which the Republicans have any chance.

LOUISIANA.

Louisiana contains six districts. The Democrats will re-elect the whole delegation.

MAINE.

Maine contains four districts. The Republicans have re-elected the entire delegation and the State ticket.

MARYLAND.

Maryland contains six districts. The Republicans now hold the whole delegation. The First, Second, Third and Fifth districts may be classed as doubtful, with the chances favoring the Democrats in the First and Fifth. Other districts certainly Republican.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Massachusetts contains fourteen districts, one only being held by the Democrats, the Ninth. The result in the Tenth District is in doubt, chances favoring Democrats. Fight in the First, Fifth and Seventh districts close, with the chances favoring Republicans. The Republicans will elect in the remaining districts. Republican State ticket headed by Governor will be elected; also Republican Legislature.

MICHIGAN.

Michigan—Contains twelve districts. Democrats now hold Third and Eighth, but by such small majorities that they cannot be considered certain. The Second and Tenth districts may be also classed as doubtful, with the Republicans in the ascendancy, the remaining eight districts will be carried by the Republicans, with the possible exception of the Twelfth, in which two Republican candidates are running.

State Republican ticket headed by Pingree will be elected; also Republican Legislature, which elects Senator Burrows's successor.

MINNESOTA.

Minnesota—Contains seven districts, all held by the Republicans. The Democrats have fair show of electing their candidate in the Third District, and Towne, the silver Republican leader, is again making the fight in the Sixth, with chances more than equal for his election. The Seventh District is entirely agricultural, and Ringdahl, the Populist candidate, is making an active campaign, and should be elected. The other districts should be carried by the Republicans, though there is some doubt in the Fourth and Fifth.

Lind, the fusion candidate for Governor, is likely to be elected. This may carry fusion Legislature, which elects successor to Davis.

MISSISSIPPI.

Mississippi—Contains seven districts, all of which will elect Democrats.

MISSOURI.

Missouri—Contains fifteen districts, all of which will be Democratic except the Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth. Tenth and Eleventh will probably re-elect Republicans. Twelfth is in doubt. State Democratic ticket headed by Supreme Judge, will be elected; also Democratic Legislature.

MONTANA.

Montana—Will elect the Democratic candidate. The State fusion ticket, headed by Chief-Justice Supreme Court, will be elected; also fusion silver Legislature, which will elect silver Senator.

NEBRASKA.

Nebraska—Contains six districts. Populists hold four districts—the Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth—and active fights are being made in the First and Second, so that they may be considered doubtful. Four fusionists are certain of election, with chances favoring them in the Second. State fusion Governor will be elected and the Legislature will elect a successor to Allen.

NEVADA.

Nevada—Will re-elect Newlands, silver Republican. Fusion Governor and Legislature will be elected. Legislature will elect successor to Stewart.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

New Hampshire—The incapacity of the War Department and the failure of the Republican tariff to aid the cotton and wool industries have disgusted many Republicans, and the two Democratic candidates for Congress will make a good running. State Republican ticket headed by Governor will be elected.

NEW JERSEY.

New Jersey—Contains eight districts, all of which are now Republican. The Democrats will certainly elect in the Fourth and Seventh and have a favorable outlook in two other districts. The others will be Republican. The Republican State ticket will probably be elected, and the Legislature, which elects a successor to Smith, will be Democratic.

NEW YORK.

New York—Contains thirty-four districts, of which the Democrats only hold five at the last election. This year the Democrats may be counted as electing their candidates in the Second, Fourth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth and Thirteenth Districts. The Third, Fifth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first and Thirty-second

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Journal's Canvass of Voters for Governor Brings Out a Vol-
ley of Good Words.

The Journal's poll of New York State, printed yesterday morning, showing at its very lowest figuring Justice Van Wyck would go to the Governor's chair with 35,000 plurality, made a sensation in the political world.

It was conceded even by the Republicans to be the fairest and most comprehensive election estimate ever prepared.

Here are expressions from prominent men everywhere in the State concerning the great canvass:

RICHARD CROKER—I regard the Journal's work in securing an expression from the voters of the metropolis and the other leading cities of the State as a brilliant stroke of journalism. As to the results obtained from the Journal's canvass, I can only say that I believe the vote indicated in all the places canvassed is about that which will appear on election day.

ELLIOT JANFORTH—The Journal's figures are about as correct as I could expect.

MAURICE KENTMAYER—I regard the Journal's poll as a harbinger of victory.

THOMAS C. PLATT—I am glad to see the vote indicated in all the places canvassed is about that which will appear on election day.

JOHN DUNFER—Van Wyck will carry the State by 40,000.

WILLIAM K. KIRK—It will be all of 70,000 in the State for Van Wyck.

HAY R. SMITH—Estimate way off. The idea of claiming Rochester by 8,000 for Van Wyck is like saying that the State will be won by 10,000.

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Syracuse, Oct. 18.—Because of the knowledge that the Journal has made a canvass of Syracuse there was much interest felt here when the result was made public today.

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Superintendent Holds That They Can't Stay Out One Night This Month.

Up to the present time Superintendent McCullagh and the 700 deputies forming his little Black Force Law Army have presented to the courts for punishment two cases of alleged violation of the election laws.

These two cases were heard in the Essex Market yesterday. To his surprise and chagrin the Superintendent of the metropolitan elections district found that he had failed to punish two citizens who had done no more than they had a right. The citizens were discharged.

Prisoners were arrested last Friday, without warrants, under the power with which the new law clothes McCullagh's deputies. The arrests were made when the two men endeavored to register.

Senator Thomas A. Grady, who appeared for Louis Harris, one of the prisoners, put the deputy who was responsible for the arrest on the rack and stretched him. This was done by the deputy who was responsible for the arrest.

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Ogdensburg, N. Y., Oct. 18.—With his voice somewhat worn with iteration, but with the fire in his eye unquenched, Colonel Roosevelt has carried his crusade into this land of stalwart Republicanism. All along the route from Glens Falls he unlimbered his oratorical guns and threatened the farmers with hot shot, but not one vital word did he say upon State issues beyond a promise to probe the Republican canal scandals.

Nobody was more surprised than the many Democrats along the line of his crusade at the great change in Mr. Roosevelt. He is no longer reckless in expressing his beliefs. They have hoped vainly for a betrayal of Platt. Throughout his speeches on the way from Glens Falls to-day he uttered the modern Republican litany without a break. Yet his continued servileness is calling Mr. Roosevelt almost beyond endurance. To one of his friends on the train he said yesterday:

Yet no break has come so far. Heretofore, when an idea has once taken possession of Roosevelt it has not left him until it has been completely worked out. It is barely possible, therefore, that the conclusion may yet come and that Platt may be thrown out of office.

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